

SAFETY DATA SHEET Corroless M

SECTION 1: Identification of	of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Corroless M
Product number	2807001
1.2. Relevant identified use	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Paint.
1.3. Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Supplier	CORROLESS Corrosion Control
	Kelvin Way West Bromwich
	West Midlands
	B70 7JZ United Kingdom
	t: +44 (0)121 525 5665
	f: +44 (0)121 553 2787
	info-corroless@axaltacs.com
1.4. Emergency telephone	number
Emergency telephone	+44 121 524 2245 (not 24 hours)
SECTION 2: Hazards ident	ification
2.1. Classification of the su	bstance or mixture
Classification (EC 1272/200	08)
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
2.2. Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	





Signal word

Hazard statements

Warning

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

diiron trioxide		30-60%
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
xylene CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	30-60% REACH registration number: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX
3.2. Mixtures		
2.3. Other hazards SECTION 3: Composition/infe	ormation on ingredients	
Contains	P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in acc xylene	cordance with national regulations.
	P391 Collect spillage. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place	
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get m P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothin P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carb	
	P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you f P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get me	edical advice/ attention.
	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cau contact lenses, if present and easy to do. (-
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective cl P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): T Rinse skin with water or shower.	othing/ eye protection/ face protection. ake off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventila P273 Avoid release to the environment.	-
	P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly	-
	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, smoking. P243 Take action to prevent static dischar	nes

CAS number: 1309-37-1	EC number: 215-168-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457614-35-XXXX
Classification Not Classified		

trizinc bis(orthophosphate)			1-5%
CAS number: 7779-90-0	EC number: 231-944-3	REACH registration number: 01-	
		2119485044-40-XXXX	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification			
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400			
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410			
ethanol			<1%
CAS number: 64-17-5	EC number: 200-578-6	REACH registration number: 01-	
		2119457610-43-0000	
Classification			
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225			
zinc oxide			<1%
CAS number: 1314-13-2	EC number: 215-222-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463881-32-XXXX	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification			
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400			
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410			
methanol			<1%
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6	REACH registration number: 01- 2119433307-44-0000	
Classification			
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225			
Acute Tox. 3 - H301			
Acute Tox. 3 - H311			
Acute Tox. 3 - H331			
STOT SE 1 - H370			

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Keep affected person warm and at rest. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves.		
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed		
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.		
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Diarrhoea. Nausea, vomiting.		
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.		
Eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.		
4.3. Indication of any immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.		
Specific treatments	No specific chemical antidote is known to be required after exposure to this product.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	ures		
5.1. Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	m the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	The product is flammable. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.		
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Acrid smoke or fumes. Metal oxide(s). Oxides of nitrogen.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters			
Protective actions during firefighting	In case of fire: Evacuate area. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.		
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures			
6.1. Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not breathe gas, fume, vapours or spray. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.		
For emergency responders	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.		

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.	
6.3. Methods and material for c	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material.	
6.4. Reference to other section	<u>s</u>	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	age	
7.1. Precautions for safe handl	ing	
Usage precautions	For professional users only. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Earth container and transfer equipment to eliminate sparks from static electricity. For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Inhalation of dust during cutting, grinding or sanding operations involving this product may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store at temperatures between 10°C and 25°C. Store in accordance with national regulations. Store in tightly-closed, original container. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.	
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection		
8.1. Control parameters		

Occupational exposure limits

xylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Sk

diiron trioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ fume Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³ fume as Fe

ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³

methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³ Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

xylene (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m³
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l marine water; 0.327 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.327 mg/l STP; 6.58 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg Soil; 2.31 mg/kg
	trizinc bis(orthophosphate) (CAS: 7779-90-0)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 5 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 83 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 20.6 μg/l - marine water; 6.1 μg/l - STP; 52 μg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 117.8 mg/kg dwt - Sediment (Marinewater); 56.5 mg/kg dwt - Soil; 35.6 mg/kg dwt
	ethanol (CAS: 64-17-5)
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 1900 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 950 mg/m³
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day
	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 950 mg/m ³ - Fresh water; Long term 0.96 mg/l - marine water; Long term 0.79 mg/l - Sediment; Long term 3.6 mg/kg
	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 950 mg/m ³ - Fresh water; Long term 0.96 mg/l - marine water; Long term 0.79 mg/l - Sediment; Long term 3.6 mg/kg - Soil; Long term 0.63 mg/kg
PNEC	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 950 mg/m ³ - Fresh water; Long term 0.96 mg/l - marine water; Long term 0.79 mg/l - Sediment; Long term 3.6 mg/kg - Soil; Long term 0.63 mg/kg <u>zinc oxide (CAS: 1314-13-2)</u> Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 5 mg/m ³

DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 260 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 260 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 260 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 260 mg/m ³
PNEC	- Fresh water; 154 mg/l - marine water; 15.4 mg/l - Soil; 23.5 mg/kg - STP; 100 mg/l
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. For exposure up to 8 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. For the greatest protection, clothing should

wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Hygiene measuresGood personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands thoroughly after
handling. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly
remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Care should be taken to avoid contact with
contaminants when removing contaminated clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and
protective equipment before entering eating areas. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent
drying of skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9. Physical and cha	mical properties		
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties			
Appearance	Liquid.		
Colour	Red-brown.		
Odour	Characteristic.		
Flash point	21 - 32°C		
Vapour density	Heavier than air.		
Relative density	1.35 +/- 2% kg/litre		
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water.		
9.2. Other information			
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ctivity		
10.1. Reactivity			
Reactivity	No test data specifically related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2. Chemical stability			
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous i			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur.		
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.		
10.5. Incompatible materials			
Materials to avoid	Avoid contact with the following materials: Oxidising agents. Strong acids.		
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	n products		
Hazardous decomposition products	None at ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrous gases (NOx).		
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation		
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects		
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,023.97		
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	30.24		
SECTION 12: Ecological information			
12.1. Toxicity			
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ıbility		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
12.4. Mobility in soil			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment		

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal co	onsiderations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
General information	Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents.	
Disposal methods	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions. Do not empty into drains.	
Waste class	08 01 11 Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply. If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		

14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
UN No. (ICAO)	1263
UN No. (ADN)	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	2
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>s)</u>
ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3
ADN class	3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III

ICAO packing group	III	
ADN packing group	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.		
14.6. Special precautions for user		
EmS	F-E, S-E	
ADR transport category	3	
Emergency Action Code	•3YE	
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	33	
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18	

EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Health and environmental listings	None of the ingredients are listed.
Authorisations (Annex XIV Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
Revision date	05/01/2021
Revision	4
Supersedes date	02/03/2018
SDS number	5211

Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H331 Toxic if inhaled.
	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H370 Causes damage to organs.
	H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Description	Rust Stabilising Primer
Mix Ratio	Single Pack
Shelf life	2 year
EU Dir 2	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.